IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

LEON WEINGRAD, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	Case No.
Plaintiff, v.	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
RFR CAPITAL LLC	
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Defendant.

PLAINTIFF'S CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Leon Weingrad ("Mr. Weingrad"), by his undersigned counsel, for this class action complaint against Defendant RFR Capital LLC, as well as its present, former and future direct and indirect parent companies, subsidiaries, affiliates, agents and related entities, alleges as follows:

I. INTRODUCTION

1. Nature of Action: "Telemarketing calls are intrusive. A great many people object to these calls, which interfere with their lives, tie up their phone lines, and cause confusion and disruption on phone records. Faced with growing public criticism of abusive telephone marketing practices, Congress enacted the Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991. Pub. L. No. 102-243, 105 Stat. 2394 (1991) (codified at 47 U.S.C. § 227). As Congress explained, the law was a response to Americans 'outraged over the proliferation of intrusive, nuisance calls to their homes from telemarketers," *id.* § 2(6), and sought to strike a balance between '[i]ndividuals' privacy rights, public safety interests, and commercial freedoms," *id.* § 2(9)." *Krakauer v. Dish Network, L.L.C.*, 925 F.3d 643, 649 (4th Cir. 2019).

- 2. "[T]he law opted for a consumer-driven process that would allow objecting individuals to prevent unwanted calls to their homes. The result of the telemarketing regulations was the national Do-Not-Call registry. See 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c)(2). Within the federal government's web of indecipherable acronyms and byzantine programs, the Do-Not-Call registry stands out as a model of clarity. It means what it says. If a person wishes to no longer receive telephone solicitations, he can add his number to the list. The TCPA then restricts the telephone solicitations that can be made to that number. See id.; 16 C.F.R. § 310.4(b)(iii)(B) ('It is an abusive telemarketing act or practice and a violation of this Rule for a telemarketer to . . . initiat[e] any outbound telephone call to a person when . . . [t]hat person's telephone number is on the "do-not-call" registry, maintained by the Commission.'). . . . [P]rivate suits can seek either monetary or injunctive relief. [47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5)]... This private cause of action is a straightforward provision designed to achieve a straightforward result. Congress enacted the law to protect against invasions of privacy that were harming people. The law empowers each person to protect his own personal rights. Violations of the law are clear, as is the remedy. Put simply, the TCPA affords relief to those persons who, despite efforts to avoid it, have suffered an intrusion upon their domestic peace." *Id.* at 649-50.
- 3. Plaintiff, individually and as class representative for all others similarly situated, brings this action against Defendant for violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227 ("TCPA") for making telemarketing calls to numbers on the National Do Not Call Registry, including his own.
- 4. Because telemarketing campaigns generally place calls to thousands or even millions of potential customers *en masse*, Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of a proposed

nationwide class of other persons who received illegal telemarketing calls from or on behalf of Defendant.

II. PARTIES

- 5. Plaintiff Weingrad is an individual who resides in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.
- 6. Defendant RFR Capital LLC is a Delaware LLC which does business in Pennsylvania and directed its illegal calling conduct into Pennsylvania by sending its text message spam to Pennsylvania area codes.

III. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 7. <u>Jurisdiction.</u> This Court has federal-question subject matter jurisdiction over Plaintiff's TCPA claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 because the TCPA is a federal statute. 47 U.S.C. § 227; *Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs., LLC*, 565 U.S. 368, 372 (2012).
- 8. <u>Personal Jurisdiction</u>: The Court has specific personal jurisdiction over Defendant RFR Capital LLC because it directed its illegal calling conduct into Pennsylvania, including by calling telephone numbers associated with this District, including those with 267- area codes.
- 9. <u>Venue</u>: Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) because a substantial part of the events giving rise to Plaintiff's claims—namely, the illegal telemarketing at issue—was sent into this District.

IV. FACTS

A. The Enactment of the TCPA and its Regulations

10. In 1991, Congress enacted the TCPA in response to a growing number of consumer complaints regarding certain telemarketing practices.

- 11. Section 227(c) of the TCPA requires the FCC to "initiate a rulemaking proceeding concerning the need to protect residential telephone subscribers' privacy rights to avoid receiving telephone solicitations to which they object." 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(1).
- 12. The National Do Not Call Registry allows consumers to register their telephone numbers and thereby indicate their desire not to receive telephone solicitations at those numbers. *See* 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c)(2).
- 13. A listing on the Registry "must be honored indefinitely, or until the registration is cancelled by the consumer or the telephone number is removed by the database administrator." *Id*.
- 14. The TCPA and implementing regulations prohibit the initiation of telephone solicitations to residential telephone subscribers to the Registry and provides a private right of action against any entity that makes those calls, or "on whose behalf" such calls are made. 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5); 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c)(2).

B. Unsolicited Telemarketing to Plaintiff

- 15. Plaintiff Weingrad is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a "person" as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 153(39).
- 16. Plaintiff's residential telephone number is (267)-XXX-XXXX, is on the National Do Not Call Registry, and has been for more than a year prior to the calls at issue.
- 17. The number is a residential telephone line because it is assigned to a cellular telephone exchange service for consumers and is not assigned to a telephone exchange service for businesses.
 - 18. The number is in Mr. Weingrad's name and he pays the bill.
 - 19. Mr. Weingrad uses the number for personal, residential, and household reasons.

- 20. Mr. Weingrad does not use the number for business reasons and the number is not registered in the name of or associated with a business.
- 21. Plaintiff Weingrad never consented or requested in any way to receive calls from Defendant.
 - 22. Plaintiff Weingrad never did business with the Defendant.
- 23. Despite this, Plaintiff received a total of at least 9 automated text messages from Defendant's number 833-972-3162 as part of a telemarketing campaign. The texts were sent between January 16, 2023 and May 28, 2024 and solicited him to sign up for Defendant's business loan services.
- 24. The Plaintiff did not interact with the messages or request that the messages continue in any way.
 - 25. In fact, as an initial matter, the messages were unwanted.
 - 26. The messages were nonconsensual encounters.
- 27. Under the TCPA, a text message is treated as a call. *Campbell-Ewald Co. v. Gomez*, 577 U.S. 153, 156 (2016).
- 28. The first such message was sent on January 16, 2023. It stated in part, "RFR Capital LLC. Are you ready to apply for working capital? We offer a 5 minute application and approvals in under 4 hours. 5 Star Rated on Google. If you are ready to apply at this time click the link below to get funded today! www.apply.rfrcapital.com"
- 29. The messages continued relentlessly with substantially similar content. The messages all included a link to apply at Defendant's website and some also included a link to schedule a meeting with "Ryan Cola," an employee of the Defendant, such as one sent on

February 21, 2023, which read in part, "RFR Capital LLC. Hey There! Are you ready for working capital? We have products with no upfront fees available. We have spoken in the past. Is the timing right now? Want to speak with us? Click the link. https://apo.hubspot.com/meetings/ryancola/schedule-a-meeting-with-me Are you ready to apply right now? We will have options for you in a few hours. Click the link below to get funded today! www.apply.rfrcapital.com"

- 30. Despite the text of this message, as outlined above, the Plaintiff has never spoken with the Defendant in the past nor ever inquired about the Defendant's products or services.
- 31. The messages continued through July 12, 2023, and after a lull, started back up again on January 10, 2024.
- 32. The most recent message sent by the Defendant was sent on May 28, 2024. This message read in part, "RFR Capital LLC. Hey! Is your business still facing cash flow issues? We spoke in the past and have many creative options for funding. Minimal documentation and funding in a couple of hours. Want to partner up with a 5 star rated company? Reply back to the message to setup a call. Ready to get going? Complete our 5 minute application below to get some options today! www.apply.rfrcapital.com Looking forward to working with you!"
- 33. Plaintiff's privacy has been violated by the above-described telemarketing messages.
 - 34. Plaintiff never provided his consent or requested these messages.

35. Plaintiff and all members of the Class, defined below, have been harmed by the acts of Defendant because their privacy has been violated and they were annoyed and harassed. In addition, the calls occupied their telephone lines, storage space, and bandwidth, rendering them unavailable for legitimate communication, including while driving, working, and performing other critical tasks.

V. CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

36. <u>Class Definition</u>. Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(2) and (b)(3), Plaintiff brings this case on behalf of the Class (the "Class") defined as follows:

National Do Not Call Registry Class: All persons in the United States whose (1) telephone numbers were on the National Do Not Call Registry for at least 31 days, (2) but who received more than one telemarketing call or text message from or on behalf of RFR, (3) within a 12-month period, (4) at any time in the period that begins four years before the date of filing this Complaint to trial.

- 37. Excluded from the Class are counsel, Defendant, any entities in which Defendant has a controlling interest, Defendant's agents and employees, any judge to whom this action is assigned, and any member of such judge's staff and immediate family.
- 38. The Class, as defined above, is identifiable through telephone records and telephone number databases.
- 39. The potential members of the Class likely number at least in the hundreds because of the *en masse* nature of telemarketing calls.
 - 40. Individual joinder of these persons is impracticable.
- 41. Additionally, the disposition of the claims in a class action will provide substantial benefit to the parties and the Court in avoiding a multiplicity of identical suits.

- 42. Plaintiff is a member of the Class and will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Class as he has no interests that conflict with any of the class members.
- 43. Plaintiff and all members of the Class have been harmed by the acts of Defendant, including, but not limited to, the invasion of their privacy, annoyance, waste of time, and the intrusion on their telephone that occupied it from receiving legitimate communications.
 - 44. This class action complaint seeks injunctive relief and money damages.
- 45. There are numerous questions of law and fact common to Plaintiff and members of the Class. These common questions of law and fact include, but are not limited to, the following:
- a. whether Defendant systematically made multiple telephone calls to members of the National Do Not Call Registry Class;
- b. whether Defendant made calls to Plaintiff and members of the National

 Do Not Call Registry Class without first obtaining prior express written consent to make the

 calls; and
- c. whether members of the Class are entitled to treble damages based on the willfulness of Defendant's conduct.
- 46. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the Class, as they arise out of the same common course of conduct by Defendant and are based on the same legal and remedial theories.
- 47. Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the Class because his interests do not conflict with the interests of the Class, he will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the

Class, and he is represented by counsel skilled and experienced in class actions, including TCPA class actions.

- 48. Common questions of law and fact predominate over questions affecting only individual class members, and a class action is the superior method for fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy. The only individual question concerns identification of class members, which will be ascertainable from records maintained by Defendant and/or its agents.
- 49. A class action is the superior method for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. Class-wide relief is essential to compel Defendant to comply with the TCPA. The interests of individual members of the Class in individually controlling the prosecution of separate claims against Defendant are small because the damages in an individual action for violation of the TCPA are small. Management of these claims is likely to present significantly more difficulties than are presented in many class claims. Class treatment is superior to multiple individual suits or piecemeal litigation because it conserves judicial resources, promotes consistency and efficiency of adjudication, provides a forum for small claimants, and deters illegal activities. There will be no significant difficulty in the management of this case as a class action.
- 50. Defendant has acted on grounds generally applicable to the Class, thereby making final injunctive relief and corresponding declaratory relief with respect to the Class appropriate on a class-wide basis. Moreover, on information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that the telephone solicitation calls made by Defendant and/or its affiliates, agents, and/or other persons or entities acting on Defendant's behalf that are complained of herein are substantially likely to continue in the future if an injunction is not entered.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Telephone Consumer Protection Act Violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5) & 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c) (On Behalf of Plaintiff and the National Do Not Call Registry Class)

- 51. Plaintiff repeats the prior allegations of this Complaint and incorporates them by reference herein.
- 52. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant and/or its affiliates, agents, and/or other persons or entities acting on Defendant's behalf constitute numerous and multiple violations of the TCPA, 47 U.S.C. § 227, by making telemarketing calls, except for emergency purposes, to Plaintiffs and members of the National Do Not Call Registry Class despite their numbers being on the National Do Not Call Registry.
 - 53. Defendant's violations were negligent, willful, or knowing.
- 54. As a result of Defendant's, and/or its affiliates, agents, and/or other persons or entities acting on Defendant's behalf, violations of the TCPA, 47 U.S.C. § 227, Plaintiff and members of the National Do Not Call Registry Class are presumptively entitled to an award of between \$500 and \$1,500 in damages for each call made.
- 55. Plaintiff and the members of the National Do Not Call Registry Class are also entitled to and do seek injunctive relief prohibiting Defendant and/or its affiliates, agents, and/or other persons or entities acting on Defendant's behalf from making telemarketing calls to telephone numbers registered on the National Do Not Call Registry, except for emergency purposes, in the future.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of the Class, prays for the following relief:

A. Certification of the proposed Class;

- B. Appointment of Plaintiff as representative of the Class;
- C. Appointment of the undersigned counsel as counsel for the Class;
- D. An order enjoining Defendant and/or its affiliates, agents, and/or other persons or entities acting on Defendant's behalf from making telemarketing calls to numbers on the National Do Not Call Registry, absent an emergency circumstance;
 - E. An award to Plaintiff and the Class of damages, as allowed by law; and
- F. Orders granting such other and further relief as the Court deems necessary, just, and proper.

VI. DEMAND FOR JURY

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury for all issues so triable.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED AND DATED this June 16, 2024.

/s/ Andrew Roman Perrong

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